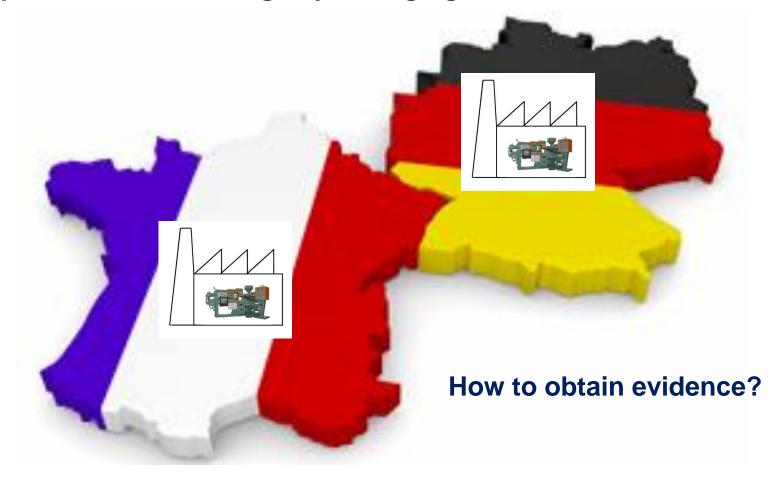


Right to inspection claims in Germany and France

Dr. Axel Oldekop Preu Bohlig & Partner 22 November 2016

I. The Scenario

No public access to allegedly infringing embodiment



European legal framework

EC Regulation 2004/48 of 28 April 2004 on the Enforcement of IP rights harmonized evidence preservation measures in the EU (Enforcement Directive), in particular:

Article 7:

The judicial authority may order prompt and effective provisional **measures to preserve relevant evidence** in respect of the alleged infringement, subject to the **protection of confidential information**, notably the detailed **description**, with or without the **taking of samples**; those measures shall be taken, if necessary without the other party having been heard.

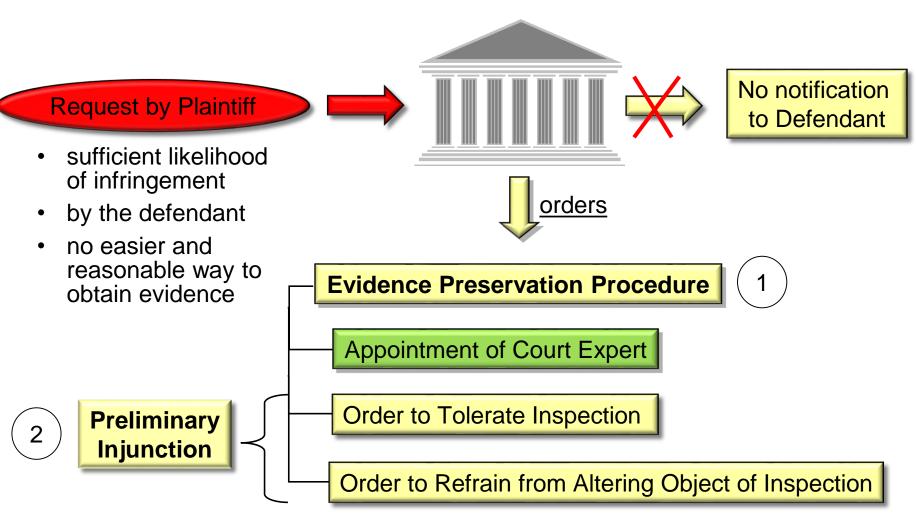
Inspired by the French Saisie-contrefaçon procedure

II. Evidence Preservation in Germany

Sec. 140c German Patent Act – Evidence Preservation

- Transposition of the Enforcement Directive on <u>September 1, 2008</u>:
 - Sufficient likelihood of a patent infringement;
 - claim for production of a document or inspection of an item or of a process;
 - necessary for the purpose of establishing claims;
 - unless such claim is disproportionate;
 - also by means of an injunction;
 - without a prior hearing of he opposing party
 - appropriate measures to ensure confidentiality.
- Legal procedure to enforce claim for evidence preservation was developed by the Duesseldorf patent courts ('Duesseldorf Practice')

The ,Duesseldorfer Practice'



Competences of the Court Expert

Broad interpretation of the term "description".

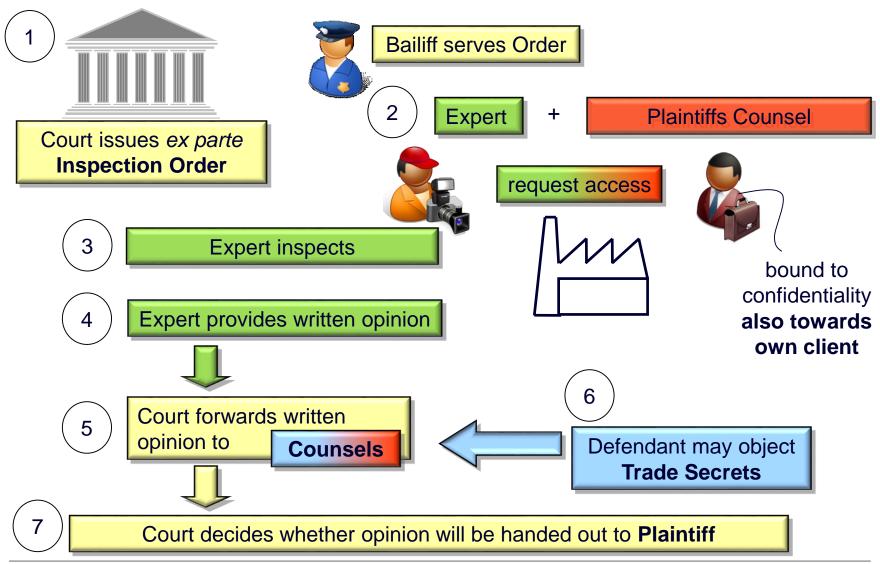
"Any measure that – according to the specific character of the object of inspection and the facts which need to be established – allows for reaching certainty over the presence of an infringement"

- Court order needs to list all measures allowed to the expert.
- Generally, Defendant can be obligated to tolerate measures only.
 Exceptionally, obligations to cooperate (e.g. enter passwords, dismantle machine, open doors etc.).
- If necessary: auxiliary persons (=> bound to confidentiality!).
- Examples of measures:
 - Inspecting procedures and/or devices
 - Dismantling covers, blinds or else,
 - Removing or disassembling of parts of complex devices,
 - Starting or switching off of machines and the like,

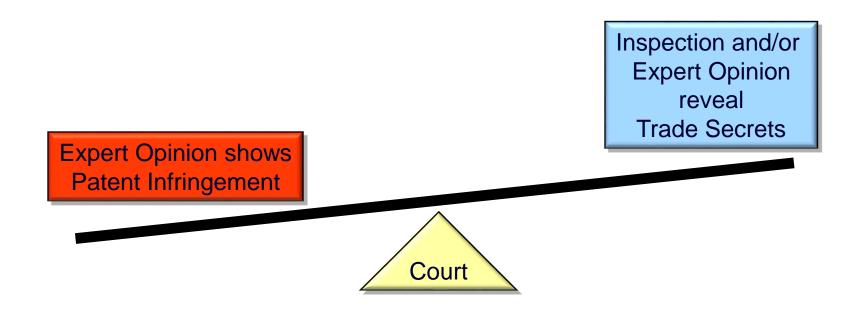
Competences of the Court Expert

- Taking of photos, films, screenshots, copies (including electronic copies)
 [=> (P) Use of copying devices of the Defendant?]
- Using a dictaphone,
- Taking samples for analysis purposes,
- Reading out machine memories and making copies thereof, etc.
- Also submission of documents and surrender of data to the court expert e.g.:
 - Technical documentations, manuals,
 - manufacturing instructions, specifications of materials,
 - drawings etc.
 - => No case of evidence presentation under Art. 6 of the Enforcement Directive because the documents/data is handed out to the court expert for his report only.

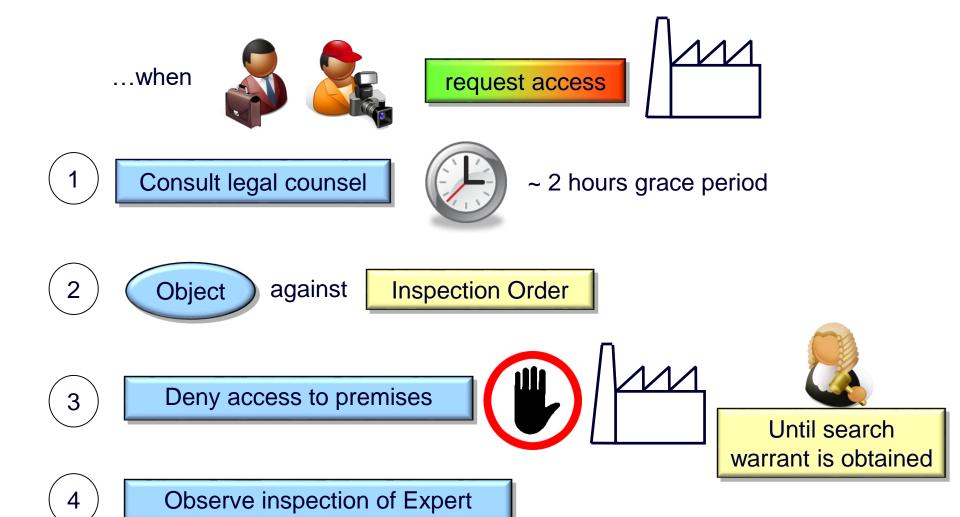
Inspection and Expert Opinion



Balance of Interests



Counter Measures



Legal remedies against 'Duesseldorf Practice'

Inspection order

- No right to appeal against decision to grant inspection.
- Decision to deny inspection is subject to immediate appeal.

Preliminary injunction to tolerate inspection

- Subject to objection proceedings
- Even successful objection is unlikely to stop court expert report!

Surrender of the court expert report to the Plaintiff

- Immediate appeal against decision
 - to hand out the report entirely
 - to hand out a blackened/shortened version of the report
 - not to hand out the report.

How Can the Expert Report be Used?

- Full fledged evidence in proceedings on the merits in Germany
 - Use ex officio in proceedings against Defendant (§§ 493, 411 ZPO).
 - Use in proceedings against other Defendants is possible (§ 411a ZPO).
- Evidence in proceedings on the merits in other countries?
 - Competent 'Duesseldorf Practice' procedure is the court for the proceedings on the merits (incl. international jurisdiction)
 - No evidence preservation in Germany exclusively for foreign lawsuit,
 - Maybe: Request for judicial assistance to a court of another EU Member state to take evidence under EU-Regulation No 1206/2001 (See Opinion of Attorney General Kokott in ECJ, C-175/06 – Tedesco)
 - Whether German court expert report is admissible evidence in foreign jurisdiction is decided by *lex fori*.

II. Saisie-contrefaçon in France

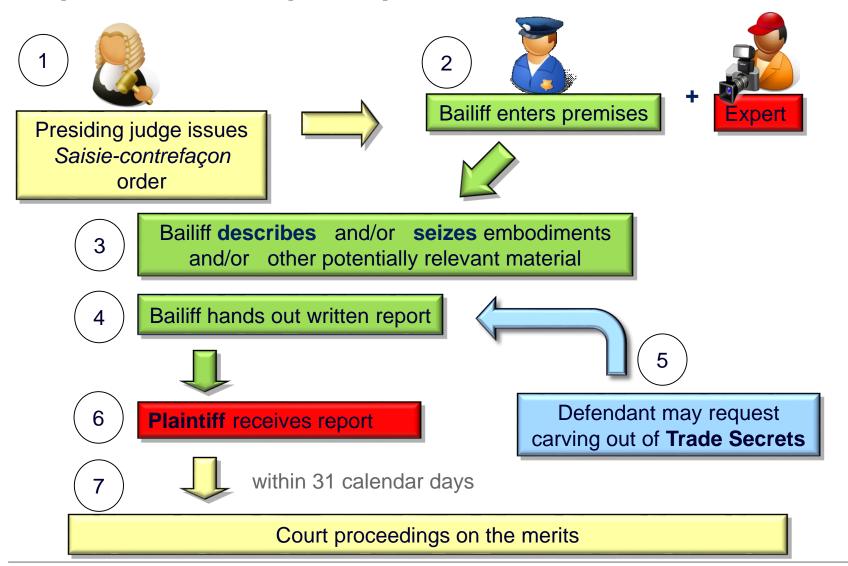
Fundamentals of the saisie-contrefaçon

- Saisie is part of the French Civil Law since the 19th Century
- Enforcement Directive 2004/48/EC was transposed into the French law on 29 October 2007
- Main features of the saisie-contrefaçon:
 - Means for gathering of evidence;
 - Without prior hearing of the opponent (ex-parte proceedings);
 - No measure for seizure of stock;
 - No preliminary injunction;
 - Obligation to lodge complaint on the merits.

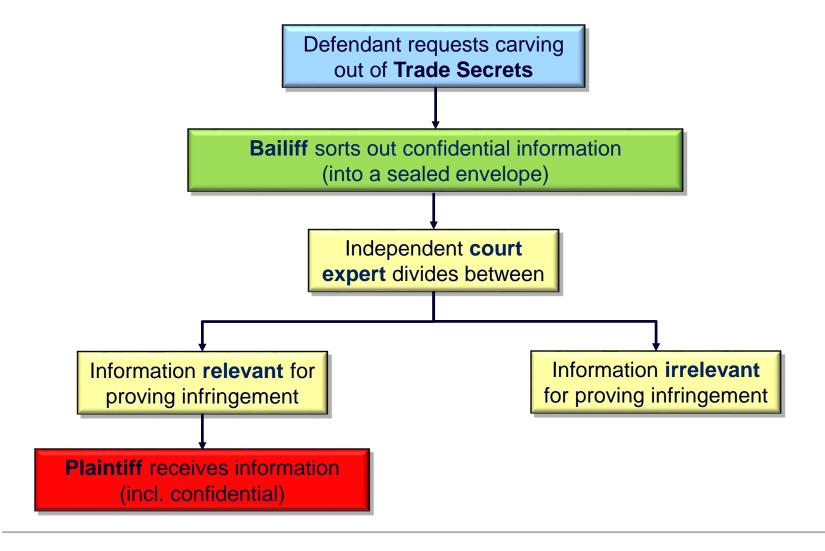
The Saisie-contrefaçon

No notification Request by Plaintiff to Defendant Presiding judge of Tribunal Patentee or de Grande Instance exclusive licensee Enforceable patent orders chosen No evidence of by Plaintiff likelihood of an Appointment of Bailiff ("Huissier") infringement required **Appointment of Expert or other assistant** Description Order (Saisie-description) Seizure Order (Saisie-réelle)

Inspection and Expert Opinion



Protection of Trade Secrets



Competences of the Bailiff ('huissier de justice')

- Enter the Defendant's premises;
- describe the allegedly infringing product or process;
- copy any relevant document (drawings, specifications, commercial or administrative or regulatory documents);
- describe the extent of the infringement and seize accounting documents;
- seize samples of the products or means used to manufacture the product;
- seize supporting documents, catalogues, price lists, manuals etc.;
- run the process;
- dismantle the product / machine;
- and other appropriate means.

Legal Remedies in Saisie-contrefaçon Proceedings

Against the ordered saisie

- Challenge the grant or the extend of the order before the Judge who granted it ('action en rétractation').
- Challenge the validity of the saisie before the court on the merits ('action en nullité de la saisie').

Against the decision not to order a saisie

- Subject to appeal
- Defendant will not be informed (ex-parte proceedings)

How Can the Expert Report be Used?

- The report drafted by the bailiff during the saisie-contrefaçon can be used:
 - For one or several French procedures regarding the same IP right (TGI Paris January 18, 2006; CA Paris, November 24, 2000).
 - In parallel foreign proceedings:
 - To show the likelihood of an infringement pursuant to sec. 140c
 German Patent Act (OLG Karlsruhe, judgment of 16 Oct. 2012 6
 W 72/12).
 - As documentary evidence.
 - The court expert can be interrogated as a witness.
 - For a unique foreign procedure?
 - despite the absence of case law, it seems possible to start the action on the merits abroad, e.g. if the defendant is based abroad.

Questions? – Please contact me

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