



Challenges of Envision AESC towards carbon neutrality

June 24th, 2021

Envision AESC's History

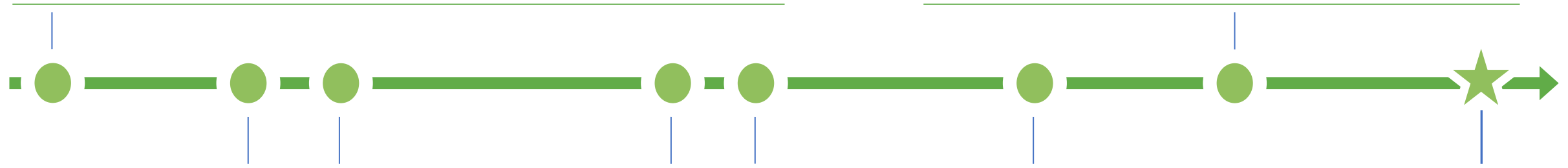


NEC

Apr. 2007
Nissan and NEC jointly established AESC
(Automotive Energy Supply Cooperation) to
produce Lithium-ion batteries (LiB) for EV



Aug.2018
Nissan and Envision signed
Purchase Agreement for
AESC



Oct. 2010
AESC started mass
production of battery for EV

Dec.2010
Nissan started
to sell LEAF

Oct.2012
US battery
plants started
production

Dec.2012
UK battery
plants started
production

Jun. 2014
Nissan started to
sell e-NV200


April 2019

Advanced Energy
Solutions
Cooperation



Management goal

Global leading AIoT (AI+IoT) battery company

Global growth

10 Yrs

EV Battery manufacturing experience



Global EV: 550,000 (Dec 2020)

“0” Critical incidents



Global Leading



Competitive Products



Over 100mil. cells installed in the world

AESC Battery - ‘Zero Critical Incident’ in 10 yrs History of Competitive Battery production in the World

Envision AESC Profile



US Plant

- Tennessee, US
- Capacity: 3.0 GWh/yr



UK Plant

- Sunderland, UK
- Capacity: 1.9 GWh/yr



China R&D Centre

- Shanghai, China

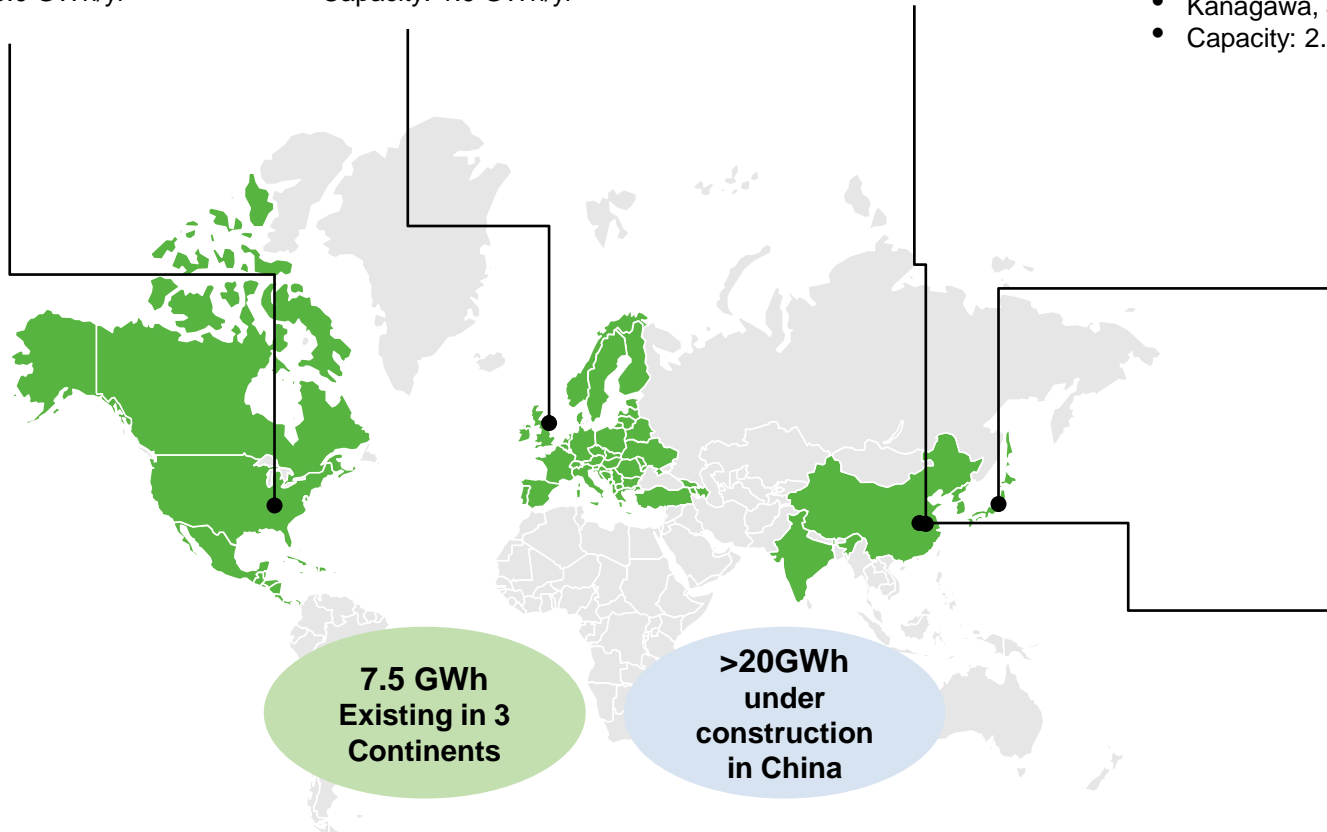


Japan Global HQ, R&D Centre, and Plant

- Kanagawa, Japan
- Capacity: 2.6 GWh/yr



**Under consideration
of new plants in
Japan, Europe, US**



China Plant & Engineering Centre

- Wuxi, China
- Capacity >20 GWh in phases
- #1A 3GWh (2021 Spring)

Global number of Employee 2,300

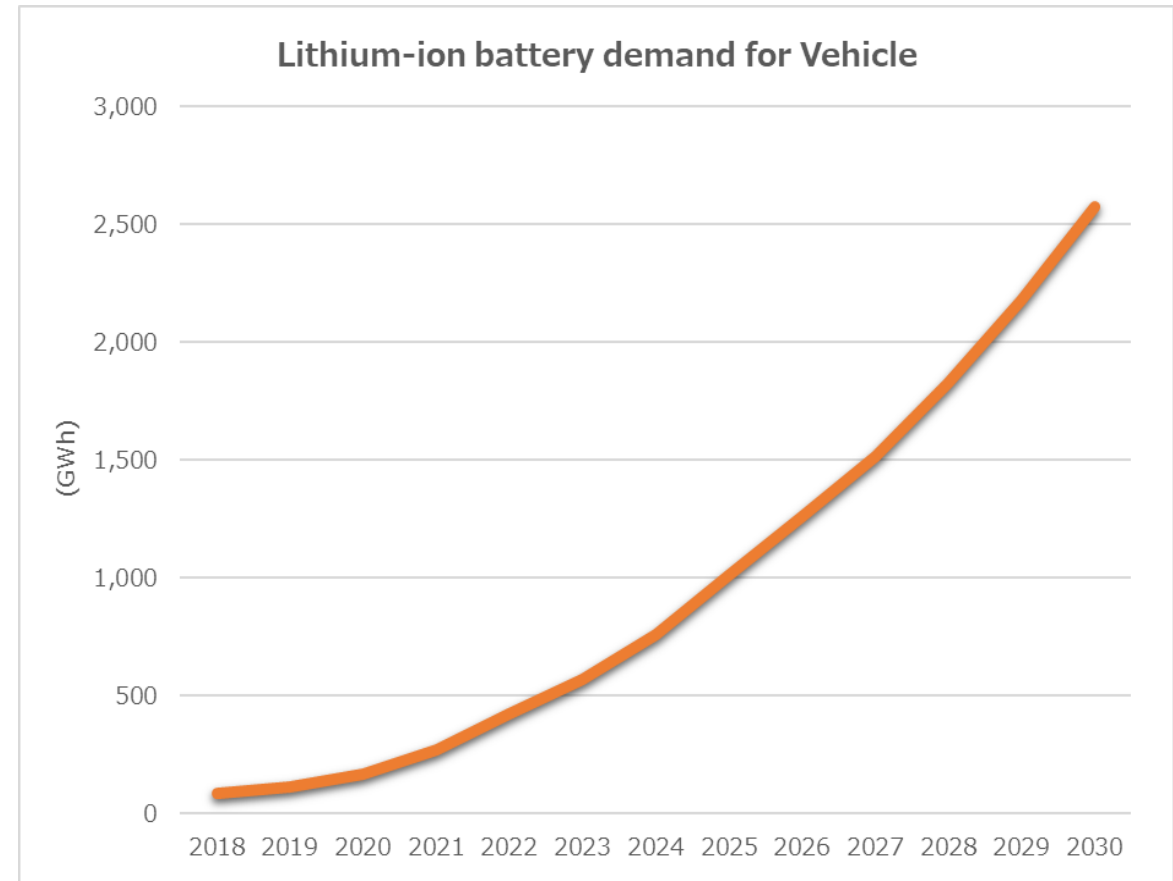
Battery maker challenge

Contribute to de-carbonization through electrification of mobility by providing leading-edge batteries sustainably.

Lithium-ion battery demand for vehicle will increase more than 10 times to 2,500GWh by 2030.

Our challenge

- Expand our production capability
- Leading-edge battery technologies
 - ✓ Higher energy density, Lower Cobalt
 - ✓ ASSB (All Solid State Battery)
- Sustainable supply chain
 - ✓ Sustainable supply chain creation (re-use, recycling)
- Carbon neutral production



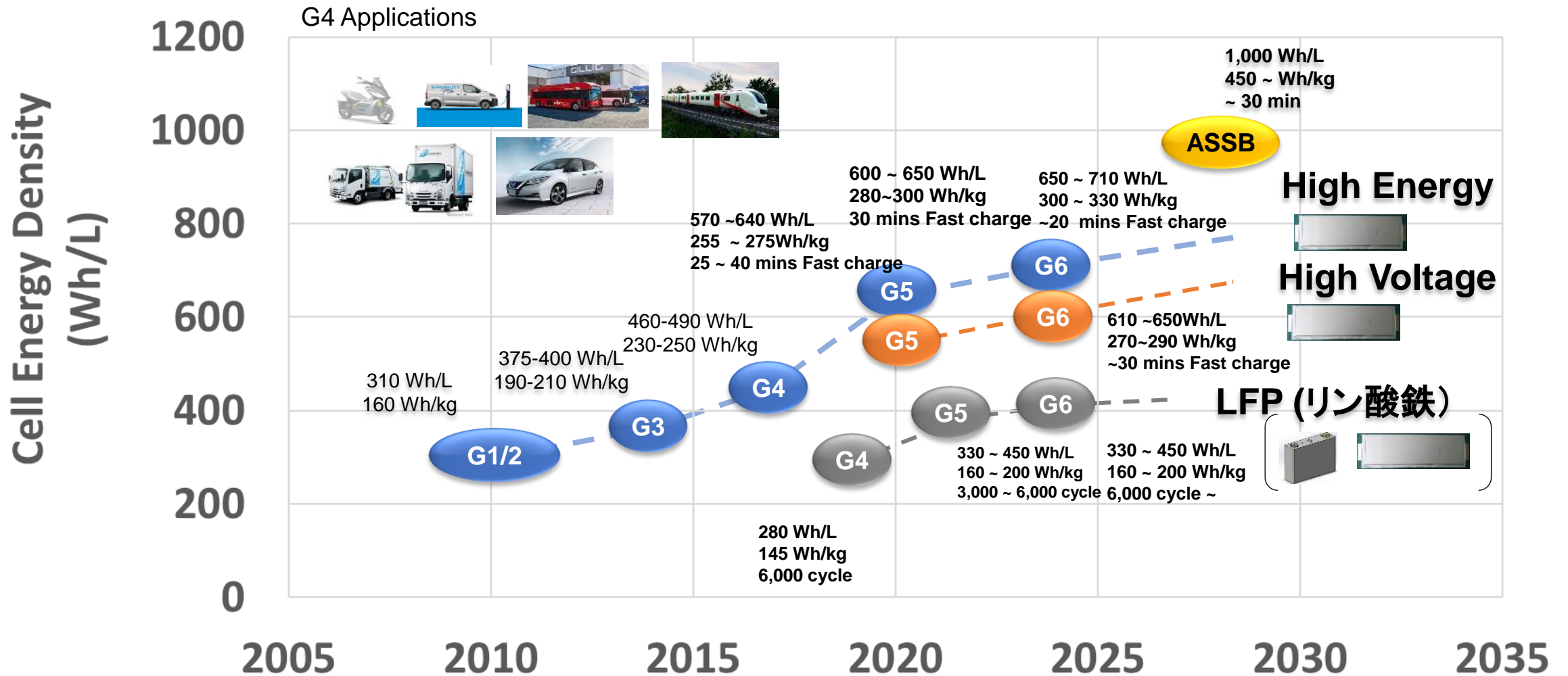
Source: Bloomberg

An aerial, high-angle photograph of a dense urban skyline, likely a major financial hub like New York City. The image shows a vast array of skyscrapers and buildings, with a mix of architectural styles and colors. The perspective is from directly above, looking down on the city. The lighting is somewhat dim, suggesting an overcast day or early morning/late afternoon. The overall tone is blue and grey, with some greenery visible in small patches.

Leading-edge battery technologies

Envision AESC Technology Roadmap

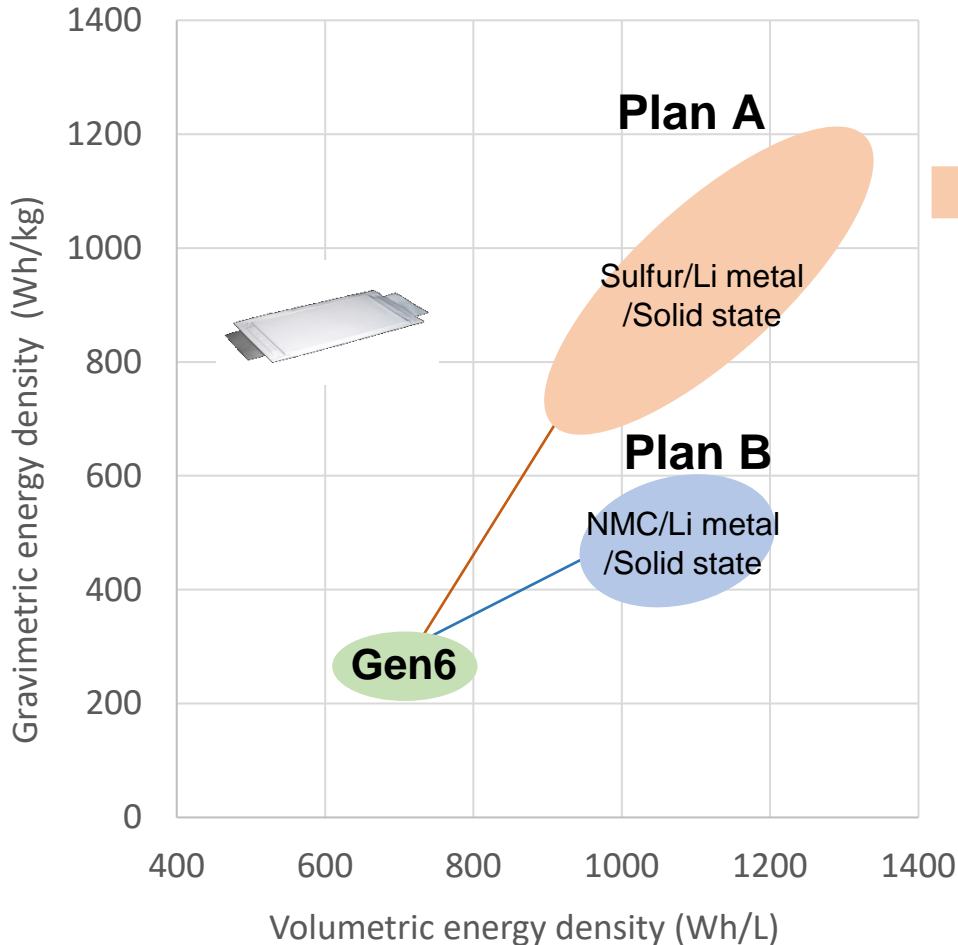
Multiple Technology Line-up will Support All Electrifications Demands Flexibly



Post Lithium-ion battery: Solid State Battery

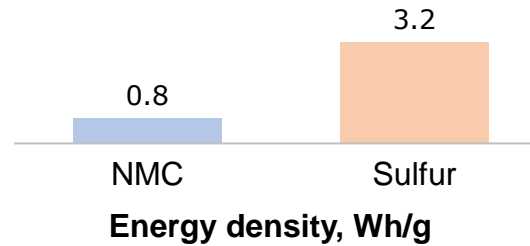
Envision AESC is aiming to achieve 1,000 [Wh/L]

Energy Density Target



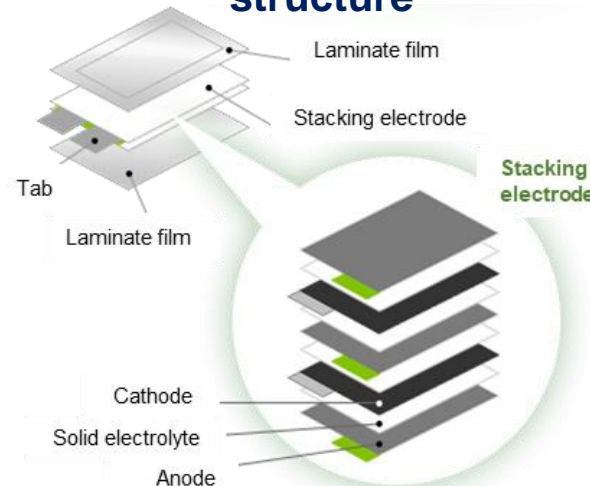
Advantage of New Technology

Advantage of Sulfur



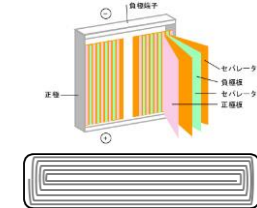
- Cathode energy density per kg is **200%** higher than NMC

Advantage of stacking structure



- Stacking is the best structure for solid electrolyte which prefers no bending
- Envision AESC has over 10 years experience of stacking technology

< Prismatic cell >



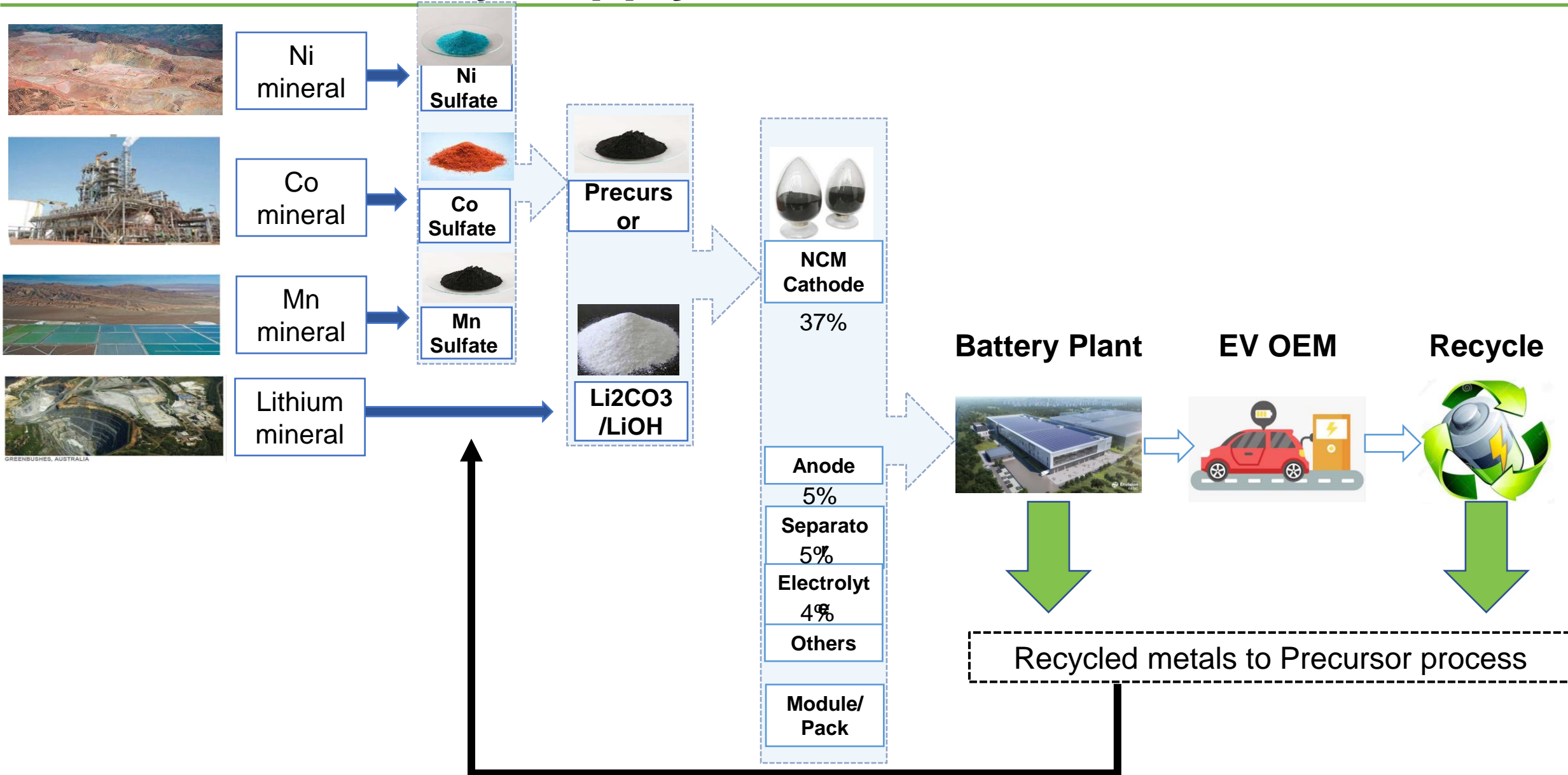
< Cylindrical cell >



An aerial, top-down view of a dense urban landscape, likely a major financial hub like New York City, showing a vast array of skyscrapers and buildings in shades of blue and grey. The perspective is from directly above, looking down on the city's grid and organic patterns of development.

Sustainable supply chain

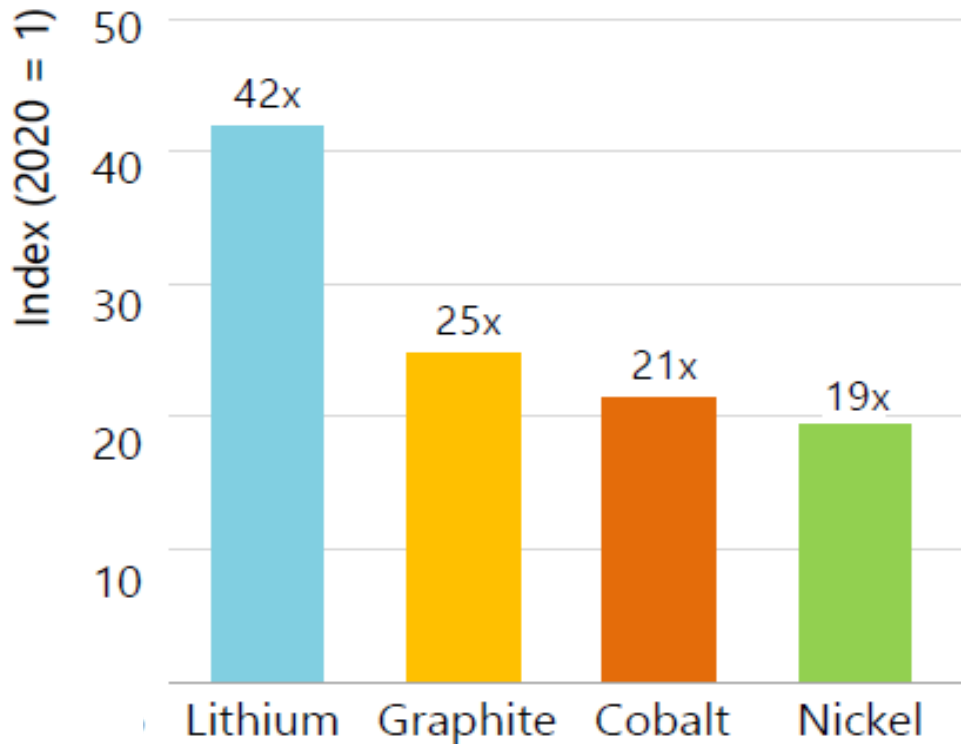
Lithium-ion Battery Supply Chain



Necessity of battery recycling

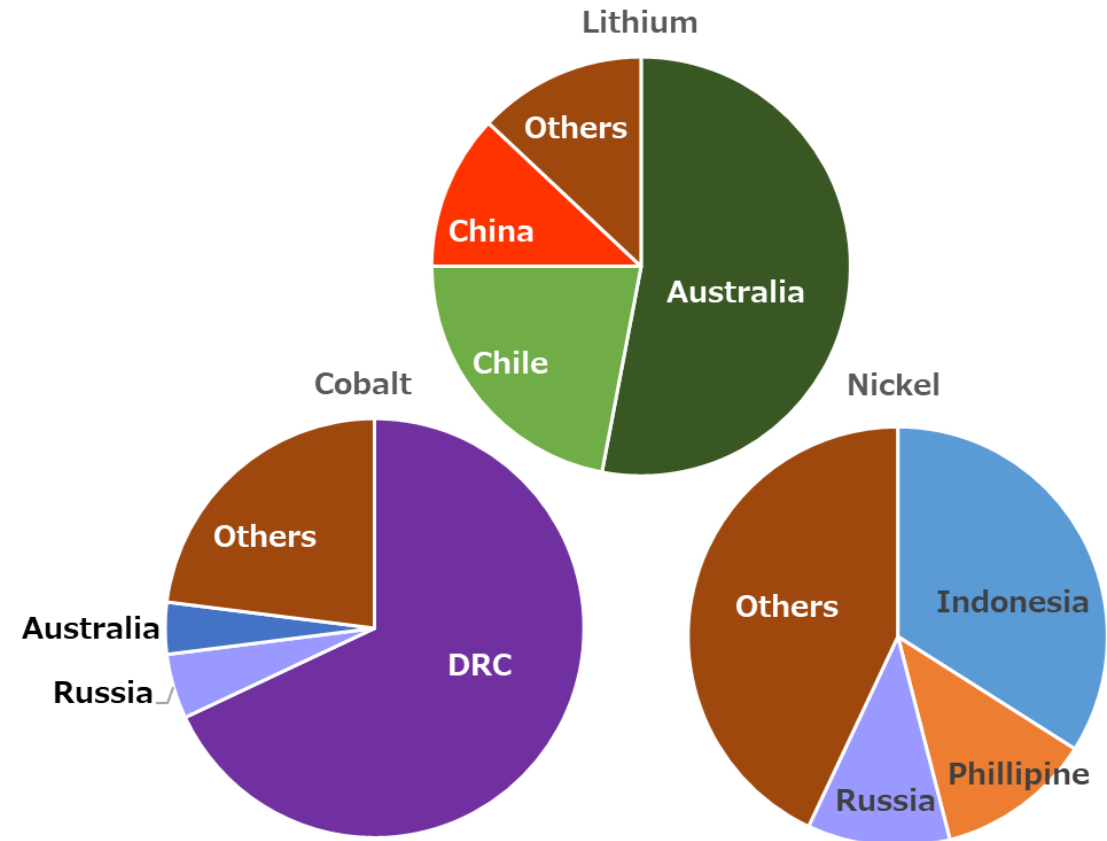
- Demand of battery materials will extremely increase and their producing countries are very limited.
- One of the key approaches to solve the issue is battery recycling.

Material demand in 2040 relative to 2020



* Based on IEA's sustainable development scenario (Net zero by 2070)

Share of top3 producing countries in 2019

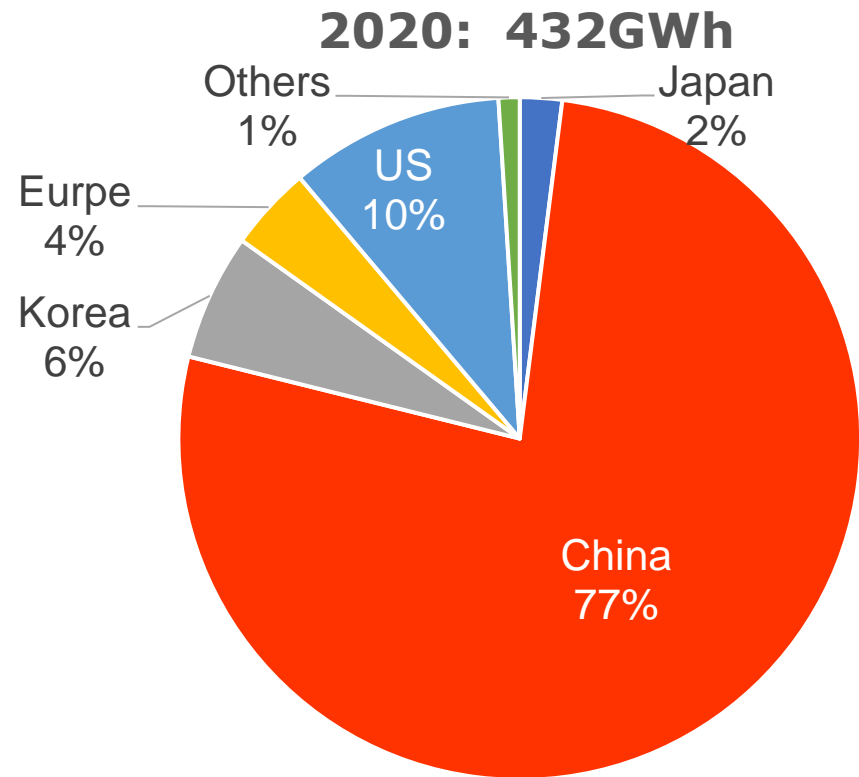


Source: IEA

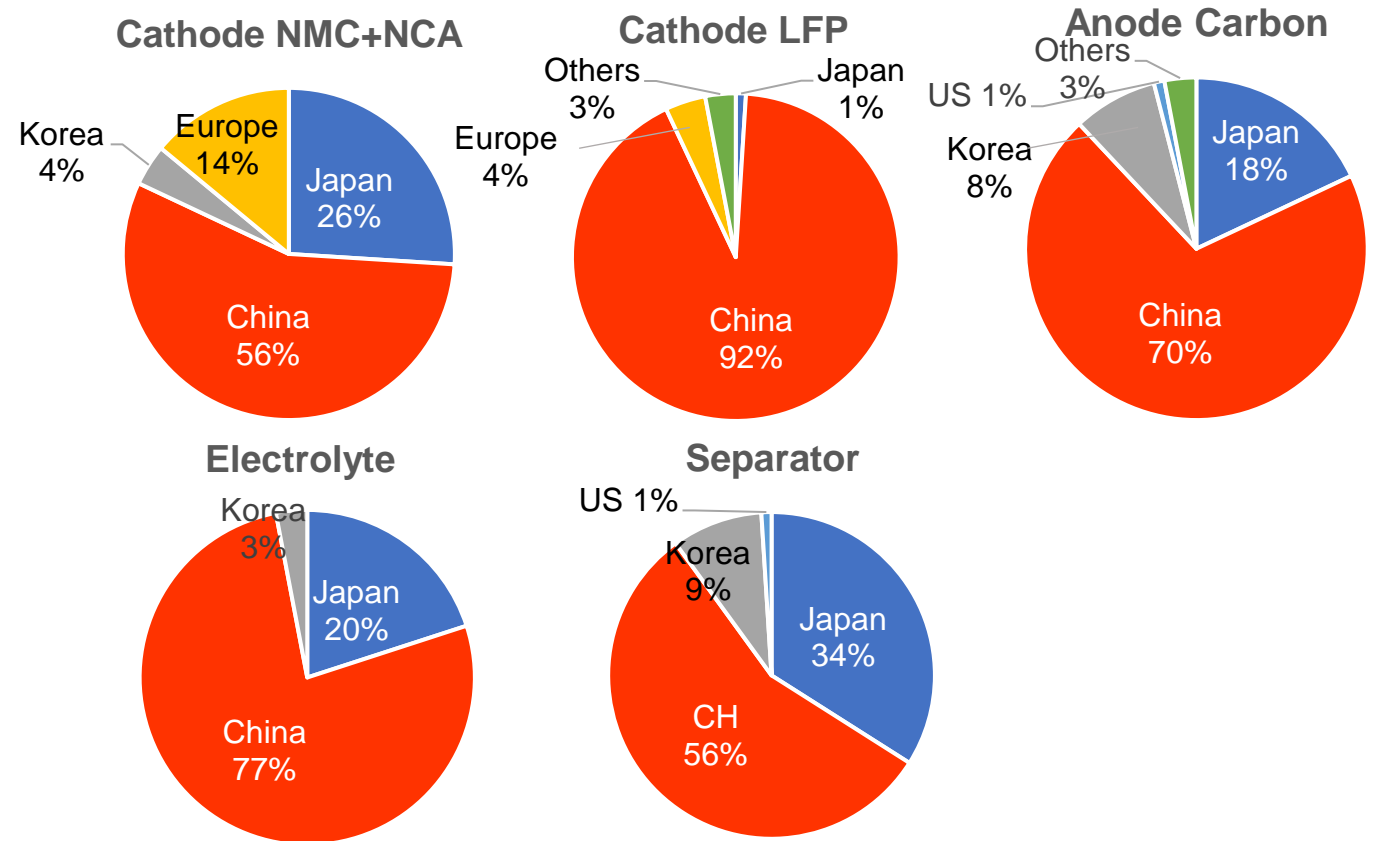
Status of lithium-ion battery supply chain

Necessary to expand production in Japan, Europe and US.

Lithium-ion battery production share by region

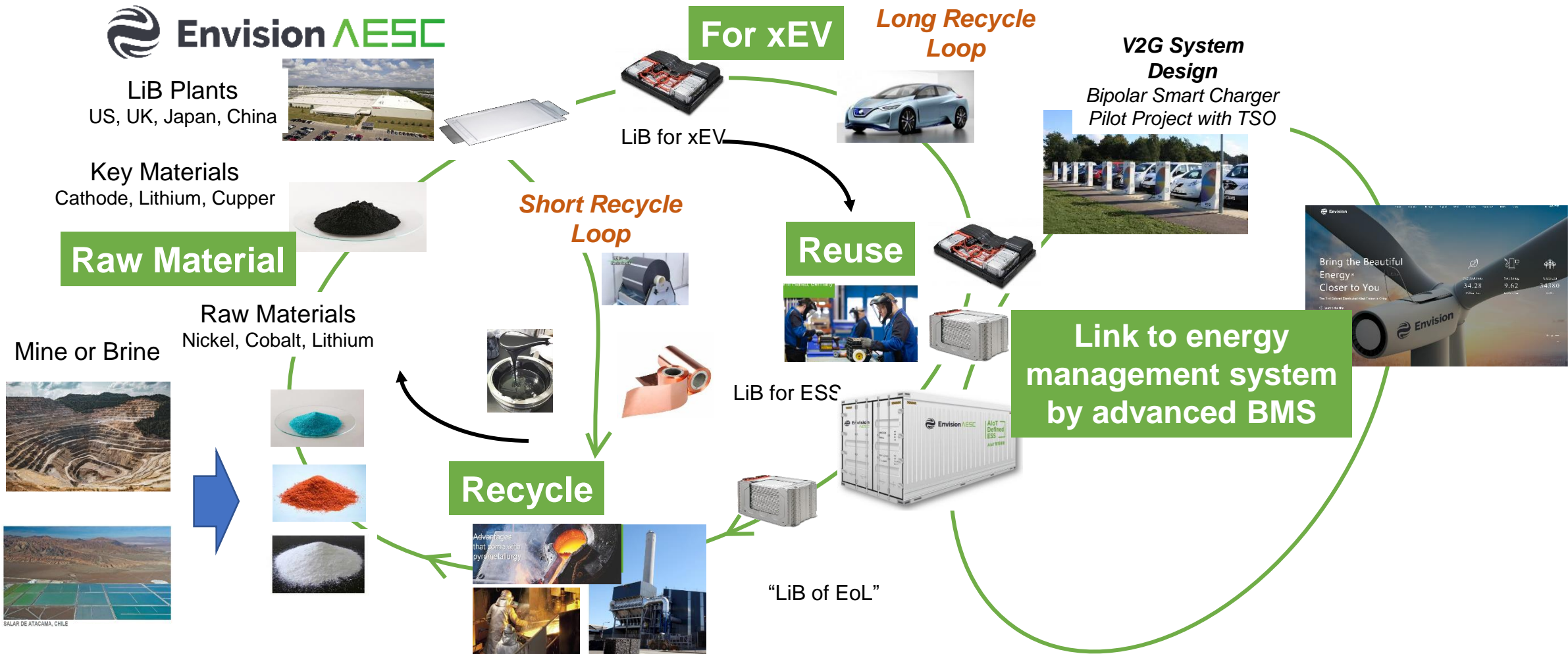


Battery materials production share by region



Contribution to circular economy

Promote battery life cycle management and contribute to circular economy.



BASC (Battery Association for Supply Chain)

Envision AESC is the regular member of the BASC in Japan.

会員 (55社 4/14時点)

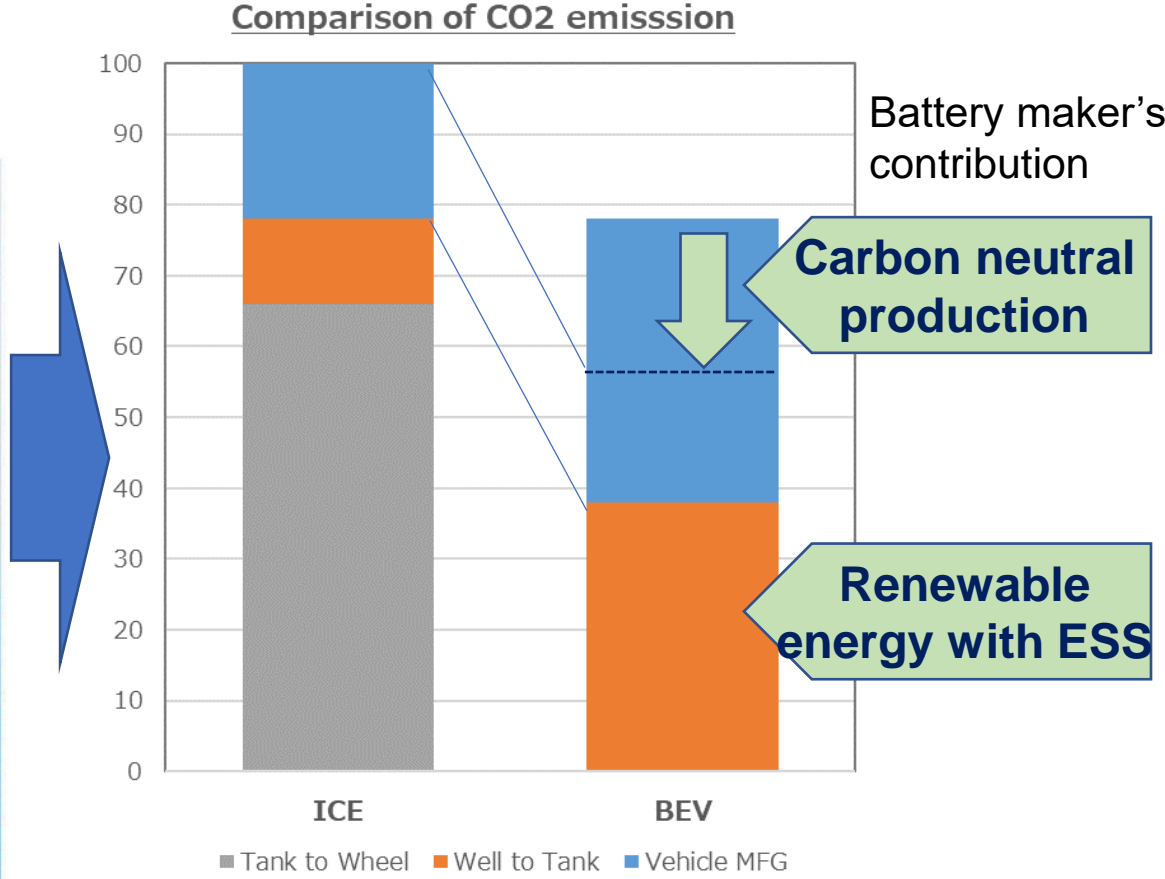
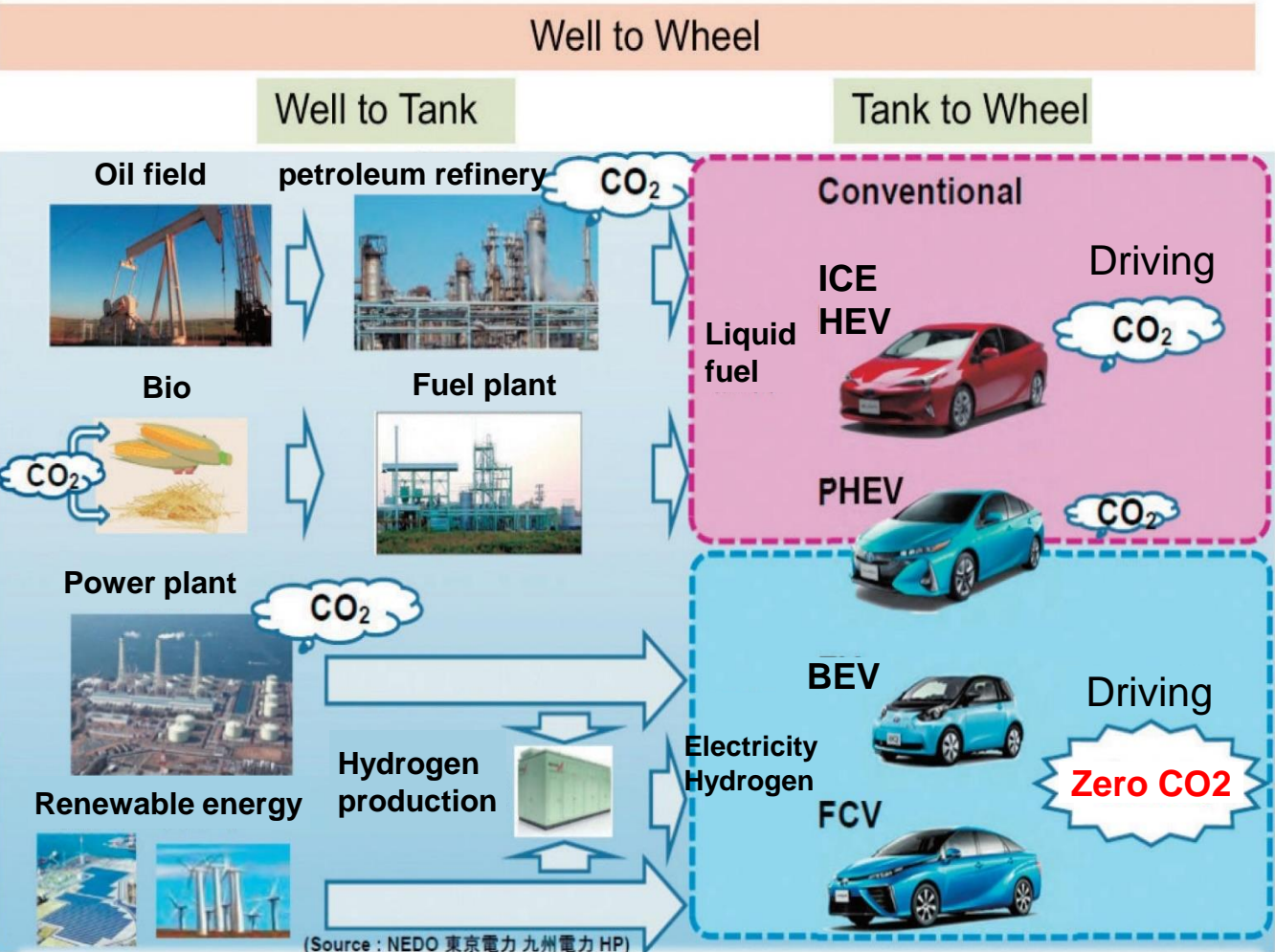




Carbon neutral production

Contribution to carbon neutral

Battery production is one of the key process to realize carbon neutral.
 Battery can also contribute to promote renewable energy through ESS.



In case of CO2 emission of ICE is 100. Calculation of electricity is based on in Japan@2030. Renewable ratio is 22~24% . Nuclear is 20%

Source: Goldman saks report

Expectations for international cooperation

Envision AESC expect for international cooperation in following categories.

➤ **Technology**

Raw material recycling technology development.

➤ **Supply chain management**

Battery material supply chain scheme establishment in Europe.

Cathode / Anode material, Aluminum / Copper foil, Separator, Laminate film etc.

➤ **Regulation / Policy of battery business**

Work with governments to establish regulations and policies for carbon neutrality

EV promotion, Infrastructure(Battery charger etc.) , Life cycle management.

Envision AESC



To Solve the Challenges for a Sustainable Future.



Leading the De-Carbonization Revolution through AIoT Defined Battery Solutions.